





PROTECTION + AUTOMATION + CONTROL

NUMERICAL FEEDER PROTECTION RELAY JD 100-15

JVS ELECTRONICS PVT. LTD.

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FEATURES

- Programmable CT secondary current for 1A / 5A rating
- Programmable system rated frequency (50/60Hz)
- Display of Primary current
- Available in many variants to suite main and back-up over-current protection schemes
- Available in both Low load and normal load configurations Choice of 6 IDMT curves and definite time with hi-set (two stage characteristics)
- Cold load pick-up
- MIPConS for preventing E/F element operation during single-phasing
- Trip Coil Supervision Protection
- Multi-short auto re-closer facility
- Self supervision facility
- Trip test facility
- History of 200 latest comprehensive fault
- Draw-out facility with inbuilt CT shorting
- ◆ Standard dimension 144mm x 144mm
- Negative sequence & Broken conductor detection



Application

The JD100 relay provides time graded phase and earth fault protection of Transformer, Feeder & Capacitor bank. MODBUS/IEC103 standard communication protocol over RS485 facilitates interfacing the relay with SCADA systems and RS – 232 / USB communication port provided at the front of the relay allows engineers to program the relay easily. Certain advanced features such as Negative sequence protection,Broken conductor, Cold load pickup, RAPID(Rapid automatic planned imbalance current detection), Local breaker backup and Auto reclose improves the selectivity, sensitivity and stability of the Power system. automatic planned imbalance current detection), Local breaker backup and Auto reclose improves the selectivity, sensitivity and stability of the Power system.

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

Over current relaying principles

The relay measures the line current from each of the line CTs and if the current exceeds the set threshold, then relay extends a trip signal after an operating time. The relay's "operating time" is determined by selecting "definite time" or one of the six "inverse time" characteristics. This principle of relaying is equallyapplicable to both line and earth fault protection elements (51N / 51G).

Cold load pick-up

This feature can be useful in providing better selectivity in the operation of over current relays, by preventing them from operating, during inrush phenomenon.

MIPConS - Management of Imbalance Phasor Control through Supervision

Under the existing practice of operating the distribution network in 2-phase mode (popularly known as single- phasing) for certain strategic purposes, conventional earth fault relays in substations would pick-up and trip the circuit breaker. This operation is considered by the engineers as an undesirable outcome of a planned current un-balance in the system. "MIPConS", when enabled, automatically detects the single-phasing operation and restoration of 3-phase system. Consequently, the feature prevents "earth fault element" from extending trip command under single-phasing conditions.

Trip Test Facility

The trip test will facilitate testing of relay operation without applying the input current. The trip test is useful to test the panel wiring and operation of breaker without any current. The trip contact will operate instantaneously. The phase and earth fault alarm contact will not operated during the trip test.

Restricted earth fault protection

A simple earth fault protection may not provide adequate protection for transformer windings particularly when in the case of "Y" connected winding earthed with an impedance. The efficacy of protection is improved by employing restricted earth fault protection. The said protection scheme is prevalent even under the case of "solidly earthed systems". High-impedance protection scheme requires the residual current derived from the three line CTs to be balanced with the "neutral current" derived out of neutral CT. This unit protection scheme is generally sensitive only to the fundamental harmonic component of the measured current and has an "instantaneous time" as its operating characteristics.

Auto re-close facility

Relay has a multi shot auto re-closer facilitates automation for breaker operation. Auto re-closer can be programmed to provide a maximum of five shots. "Dead time" starts when a trip signal is provided due to the occurrence of a fault involving L-L or L-G or L-L-G or L-L-L or L-L-G. After an elapse of a time interval equal to "dead time", closing command will be extended. The "reclaim time" timer starts at the instant when the "dead time" timer expires. If after extending the "breaker close" signal an over current fault was detected before the "reclaim time" timer reached its terminal count, then the relay understands that the fault in the system is still persisting and the over current relay will issue a trip signal. The relay tries to close the breaker for a maximum of the programmed number of shots before it chooses to lockout. The relay can be configured for independent trip sequence as IDMT or Definite time.

TCSR

TCSR monitors trip coil continuously. If the trip circuit (or any coil) that is being supervised develops a snag, then the supervision relay extends an alarm without a delay. The relay monitors the trip coil under all the states of a breaker viz. close, open and during transition. The underlying mechanism of supervision is to perform hi- impedance measurement across two input circuits appropriately wired along with trip coil, 52A and 52B auxiliary contacts. 1-NO & 1-NC contacts have been provided for the purpose of alarm and SCADA. The current rating of these contacts is 5Aat 24VDC / 230VAC.

Supervision functions

Self supervision feature allows the operator to take note of any internal failure in the relay. An LED and an output contact is provided for annunciation purposes.

TECHNICAL DATA

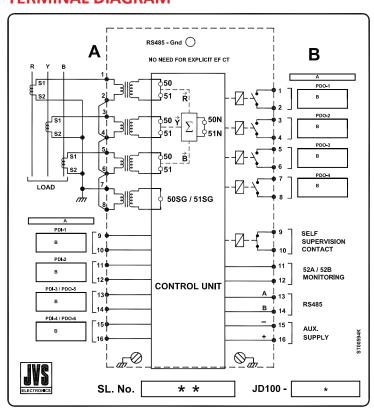
| RELAY (ISD / IED features) | JD100-15 – PNACSA CONFIGURATION | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Signal frequency | 50Hz / 60Hz, site selectable | | | | | |
| Aux. Supply | ** A = 1 implies 19V – 65V DC | | | | | |
| Operating characteristics | ** A = 2 implies 80V - 265V AC / DC 1) 3.0s Normal Inverse 2) 1.3s Normal Inverse 3) 1.5s Very Inverse 4) 0.8s Extremely Inverse 5) 0.6s Extremely Inverse | | | | | |
| | 6) 13.3s Long Inverse | | | | | |
| Rated Current | 7) Definite Time | I = 2 | | | | |
| Rated Current | L = 1 means "suitable for optimal load" 1A / 5A, site selectable | L = 2 means "suitable for low load" 1A / 5A, site selectable | | | | |
| Relay rated current rating (In) | Range for 1A: 50mA – 32A (5% to 3200%) Range for 5A: 250mA – 160A (5% to 3200%) | Range for 1A: 20mA – 20A (2% to 2000%) Range for 5A: 100mA – 100A (2% to 2000%) | | | | |
| Operating Value | L = 1 means "suitable for optimal load" | L = 2 means "suitable for low load" | | | | |
| Phase OC (IDMT) – Low-set | 5% to 1600% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Phase OC (Def time) – Low-set | 5% to 2300% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1500% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Earth fault (IDMT) – Low-set | 5% to 1600% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Earth fault (Def time) – Low-set | 5% to 2300% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1500% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Negative phase sequence OC(IDMT) – Low-set | 5% to 1600% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Negative phase sequence OC(Def time) – Low-set | 5% to 2300% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 1500% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Phase Hi-set | 5% to 3200% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 2000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Earth fault Hi-set | 5% to 3200% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 2000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| Negative phase sequence OC Hi-set | 5% to 3200% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 2% to 2000% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | |
| NDR(IDMT)-Low-Set | 5% to 150% @ 0.5% | 2% to 80% @ 0.5% | | | | |
| NDR(Def time)-Low-Set | 5% to 150% @ 0.5% | 2% to 80% @ 0.5% | | | | |
| SEF | 2% to 80% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | 270 00 0070 00 0.070 | | | | |
| REF | 2% to 80% of 'In' in steps of 0.5% | | | | | |
| LINE PT (Rated) | 63.5 / 110V | | | | | |
| LINE PT | 1-999kV | | | | | |
| Broken Conductor Setting | 20% to 100% in steps of 0.5 | | | | | |
| Broken Conductor minimum current setting | 20% to 100% in steps of 0.5 | | | | | |
| TMS (Ph, E/F, NSQ & NDR) | 0.005 to 5.0 in steps of 0.005 | | | | | |
| | 0.003 to 3.0 iii steps of 0.003 | | | | | |
| Operating time | | | | | | |
| Definite time (Ph, E/F, NSQ, BC & SEF) | 0.00 to 150.00s in steps of 0.01s (0 – Instantaneous) | | | | | |
| REF | < 30ms | | | | | |
| Hi-set operating time | 0.00 to 20.00s in steps of 0.01s | | | | | |
| (Ph, E/F & NSQ) | (0 – Instantaneous) < 40ms | | | | | |
| Reset Time | 0.00 to 20.00 Sec in step of 0.01 sec | | | | | |
| Accuracy | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Operating value (IDMT, Def time & SEF) | Less than 1.1 time | | | | | |
| Operating value (NSQ IDMT, Def time, BC) | Less than 1.2 time ± 5mA | | | | | |
| Operating value(REF) | ±5% or ±3mA whichever is higher | | | | | |
| Drop-off / pick-up (Ph, E/F, SEF, REF, NDR, NSQ & BC) | ~90% | | | | | |
| Operating time(IDMT for Ph, E/F, SEF, REF & NDR) | ±5% for 3.0s NI, 1.3s NI, 13.3s LI characteristics. ±7% for 0.8s EI, 0.6s EI, 1.5s VI characteristics. | 0 0 0 | | | | |
| Operating time(IDMT for NSQ) | $\pm5\%$ for 3.0s NI, 1.3s NI, 13.3s LI characteristics +100ms. $\pm7\%$ for 0.8s EI, 0.6s EI,1.5s VI characteristics +100ms. | | | | | |
| Operating time(Def time for Ph, E/F, SEF, REF & NDR) | ± 2% or ±30ms whichever is higher* | | | | | |
| Operating time(Def time for NSQ & BC) | ± 2% or ±100ms whichever is higher* | | | | | |
| Operating time for REFR | REFR (instantaneous) < 30 ms. | | | | | |

| Breaker Monitoring (Site selectable) | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Breaker Monitoring | 1)52A monitoring | | | | | |
| (Site selectable) | ble) 2)32B monitoring | | | | | |
| | 3)None | | | | | |
| Breaker Operating time | 50ms to 200ms in step of 10ms | | | | | |
| 52A/B | Potential free contact | | | | | |
| LBB Setting | | | | | | |
| OC(Breaker Failure) | 5 to 1600% in step of 0.5% | 2 to 1000% in step of 0.5% | | | | |
| Delay Trip Timer | 0.05s to 10s in step of 0.01s | 0.05s to 10s in step of 0.01s | | | | |
| ARR Setting | | | | | | |
| Maximum Re-closing Shots | 5 | | | | | |
| Dead Time 1 to 5 | 0.5 s to 250s in step of 0.1 s | | | | | |
| Reclaim Time | 10s to 250s in steps of 1s | | | | | |
| Cold Load pickup setting | * | | | | | |
| Cold Load pickup(CLP) | 1 to 15 times of over-current settings in steps of | 50.1 | | | | |
| CLP Delay | 0.05s to 1.0s in steps of 0.01s | | | | | |
| TCSR | 0.000 to 1.00 m steps of 0.015 | | | | | |
| Measured Current | < 1mA | | | | | |
| Operating Time | 0.1 to 2 sec in step of .01s | | | | | |
| Reset Time | < 20ms | | | | | |
| Records | < 2011IS | | | | | |
| | Truc | | | | | |
| Number of DR | Two | | | | | |
| Duration of DR | 0.37s Pre-fault and 0.36s Post-fault | | | | | |
| Pre-fault selection (in % of DR) | 10%, 50%, 90% | | | | | |
| Event record | 100 event | | | | | |
| Fault record | 200 | | | | | |
| Digital Output | | | | | | |
| Programmable Potential Free Output | 4 (NO type) | | | | | |
| Digital Input | | | | | | |
| Potential Digital Input | 4 | | | | | |
| PDI threshold level | 12V / 24V / 36V / 48V / 110V / 220V | | | | | |
| Potential free Contact rating | | | | | | |
| TRIP CONTACTS | | | | | | |
| Make & carry | 1250VA at maximum 10A or 440V AC / 220v | DC | | | | |
| Break capacity | 2300VA at maximum 10A or 440V AC / 220V | / DC | | | | |
| ALARM & Self Supervision Contacts | 5A at 24V DC / 230V AC | | | | | |
| Contact Durability | | | | | | |
| Electrical | 100,000 operations | | | | | |
| Mechanical | 1000,000 operations | | | | | |
| | 2 times rated continuous | | | | | |
| | 20 times rated for 3s | | | | | |
| Over load rating (Current input) | 40 times rated for 1s | | | | | |
| | 100times rated for 160ms | | | | | |
| Burden | | | | | | |
| | 0.4VA per phase (Rated 5A) | | | | | |
| Current input | 0.05VA per Phase (Rated 1A) | | | | | |
| | Less than 10W (Non operated) | | | | | |
| Aux. Voltage input | Less than 13W (Operated) | | | | | |
| Communication | (optimis) | | | | | |
| MODBUS communication over RS232 / USB | Exists | | | | | |
| MODBUS communication over RS485 | Exists | | | | | |
| Mechanical | and AAU NO | | | | | |
| Weight | 5.0 kg (Approximately) | | | | | |
| Case Size | Fascia 144mm x144mm | 0 0 | | | | |
| Installation | Flush mounting | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Panel cutout | 138mm x 138mm | | | | | |
| *When the energizing quantity is ramped from a non- | zero value to the operating value | | | | | |

ANSI-IEC CODES OF PROTECTION

| Protection | ANSI | IEC |
|---|------------|-----------|
| Non-directional overcurrent protection, low-set stage | 51 | 3I> |
| Non-directional overcurrent protection, high-set stage | 50-1 | 3I>> |
| Non-directional overcurrent protection, instantaneous stage | 50-2 | 3I>>> |
| Earth-fault protection, low-set stage | 51N | Io> |
| Earth-fault protection, high-set stage | 50N | IO>> |
| Negative-sequence overcurrent protection | 46 | I2> |
| Circuit breaker failure protection | 51BF/51NBF | 3I>/Io>BF |
| Broken Conductor | 46BC | - |
| Auto-reclosing | 79 | O->I |
| Condition Monitoring | | |
| Trip circuit supervision | 95 | TCS |
| Measurement | | |
| Three-phase current measurement | 3I | 3I |
| Negative phase sequence current | I2 | I2 |

TERMINAL DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION

Relay Model Selection: Please fill the ordering information as per the information provided in below mentioned columns(Select one option from each section and put in grey box)

| JD 100 - PNACSA (Configuaratio |
|--------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|

| Relay Type | | Protection(P) | Nat | cure of Load(N) | | Automation(A) | | Communication(C) | | Special Feature(S) | | Aux Supply(A) |
|---------------|---|------------------------|-----|----------------------|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| JD100-15 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 30C + E/F(51N) | 1 | Low 2% to 200%) | а | NO-ARR, NO-LBB NO- DR, NO-TCSR, NO-DI | 1 | NO COMMUNICATION | 1 | NO SPECIAL FEATURE REQUIRED | 1 | 19 to 65 v DC |
| | 2 | 30C + E/F(51G) | 2 | Normal (5% to 3200%) | b | LBB | 2 | USB + RS485(MODBUS PROTOCOL) | 2 | MIPConS (For 1/3 phasing system) | 2 | 80 to 265 v AC/DC |
| | 3 | 30C + E/F(51N) +REF | | | c | ARR | 3 | RS 232 + RS485(MODBUS PROTOCOL) | 3 | NSQ + BQ(For 3 Phase system) | | |
| | 4 | 30C + E/F(51N) | | | d | TCSR | 4 | USB + RS485(IEC 103 PROTOCOL) | | | | |
| | 5 | 30C + E/F(51N) | | | e | DI | 5 | RS 232 + RS485(IEC 103 PROTOCOL) | | | | |
| | | | | | f | LBB + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | g | ARR + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | h | LBB + TCSR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | i | ARR + TCSR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | j | LBB + DI | | | | | | |
| | | | | | k | ARR + DI | | | | | | |
| | | | | | I | LBB + TCSR + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | m | ARR + TCSR + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | n | LBB + DI + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 0 | ARR + DI + DR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | р | ARR + DI + DR + TCSR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | q | ARR + DI + DR + LBB | | | | | | |
| | | | | | r | ARR + DI + DR + LBB + TCSR | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example Of Ordering:

Requirement: Numerical relay 3 O/C + 1 E/F(51N) + SEF, low load with TCSR, USB + RS485 over MODBUS protocol, Negative sequence protection + Broken

Conductor detection, Aux supply: 19 - 65V DC

The ordering code for the above mentioned relay specification

will be: JD100 -15- 41d431